

Bismarck Tribune.

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The Bismarck Tribune.

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TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

If sufficient encouragement is given when our canvasser looks the ground over next week the publication of the TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will commence Nov 15th. It will be the same size and style as the present weekly and the weekly will be doubled in size and excellence. The weekly will contain little or no advertisements aside from the Business Directory. The price will remain two dollars per annum. The price for the TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be two months in advance two dollars; six months in advance five dollars. The TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will contain full telegraphic news, local and miscellaneous matter and during the winter select serials from our best authors. It will take the place of the daily which was proposed.

NOTES AND NEWS.

New York horses are again suffering from the Epizootic.

Alex. White, of Alabama, late M. C., has been appointed Chief Justice of Utah.

Tilton has commenced his lecture course. His "Problem of Life" is well spoken of.

Indianola, Texas, wiped out by the recent Gulf storm, was a village of 2,200 inhabitants.

In the Lick murder trial at Minneapolis Mrs. Rapp was found guilty of the murder of Mrs. Lick.

A layer of frost was found at Salisbury, Connecticut, last week, fourteen feet below the surface.

Peg Leg Brown who robbed Spinner's vault of \$40,000, was committed for trial in default of \$40,000 bail.

Carl Schurz spoke at Cincinnati Monday in opposition to the financial plank in the Ohio Democratic platform.

Rev. J. F. Chaffee, pretty well known to Minnesota Methodists, has been transferred from Duluth to Faribault for the ensuing year.

The editor of the Bozeman Times is gratified that an accurate survey develops the fact that his hair is parted just one-fourth of an inch from the middle.

Josh Billings remarks: "The only way to get thru this world and escape censure and abuse, is to take sum-buck road. You kant travel the main turn-pike and do it."

Bishop Hennessey, of Iowa, has caused it to be announced in Dubuque that the children of Catholic parents must no longer attend the public schools. They must go to those maintained by the church.

Ed. Jeffrey, alias Ed. Smith, well known in this city and under indictment here for robbery, was lynched in Helena a few weeks ago. Billy Regan, it is reported, was the person arrested at Fort Garry supposed to be Shaffer but was subsequently discharged.

Wm. Burke, a Minneapolis man, carried a knife blade three inches in length in his head three years without knowing it. He thought it strange the wound made by a stab did not heal, and when he went to a physician to have a piece of bone, as he supposed, removed, the knife blade was found and removed.

David Olmsted, one of the proprietors of the Bismarck Tribune, has invented an automatic binder to be attached to reapers which is said to be the most practical and the cheapest of anything in that line yet invented. It has been adopted by the four leading reaper establishments whose proprietors have already put fifty thousand dollars into its manufacture. The binding is done with paper and by the simplest process imaginable.

TELEGRAMS

Reported Specially for the Bismarck Tribune.

The Council.

Little Man Defeated in his Intention to
Historical Society

Kill a Commissioner, Attacks two Companies of Cavalry who are

Saved by Young-Man-Afraid-of-his-Horses.

Little Man Arrested and put where He will do no Harm.

Standing Rock Indians Disgusted,

Leave for Home and Authorize Burke to Sign Treaty.

Commissioners Disheartened and Fears Treaty will Fail.

Opening of Council—Indians Laugh at Propositions of Commissioners.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS—DELANO RESIGNED—FALL RIVER STRIKE, &c.

THE COUNCIL.

St. Paul, Sept. 28.—Red Cloud Agency dates to Sept. 24th have been received. Tuesday Red Cloud was absent and the commission had to adjourn the Council on account of such absence. Thursday Spotted Tail was absent. Friday afternoon when the council was about to adjourn Red Cloud and others came in and the Indian leaders went into private council among themselves which was to continue Saturday. The Standing Rock Indians becoming disgusted declared their intention to start home Saturday but would authorize Agent Burke to sign treaty for them. The Commissioners are discouraged and think the council will prove a failure. Friday five thousand mounted Indians being in semi-circle around commission, back of circle being cavalry guard of two companies, Little Man and young men of Cheyennes and Arapahoes and Ogallallas kept riding around outside of the circle; finally drawing up in line beside the cavalry the Indians went for each cavalry man with guns loaded and cocked. One imprudent movement on the part of the soldiers would have precipitated a conflict. The commissioners having notified the friendly chiefs of the condition of affairs, Young-Man-Afraid-of-his-Horses and Sitting Bull led a party of warriors between Little Man's party and the cavalry and turned the former away. Afterward a guard of Indians and soldiers being privately detailed to follow Little Man found and arrested him. He is the same Indian who some time ago declared a determination to kill a commissioner. Reinforcements to cavalry guard are expected daily.

THE LATEST.

St. Paul, Sept. 29.—Nothing later heard from Council, though there is no doubt but Little Man's band were bent on trouble, and one little indiscretion on the part of the whites would bring on an indiscriminate massacre.

RESIGNED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Delano's resignation to take effect Oct. 1st, was yesterday accepted by the President. Ramsey, of Minnesota, is mentioned as his possible successor.

STANLEY.

New York, Sept. 29.—Stanley, the Herald Explorer in Africa, is heard from under date of May 13th, written from a village on Victoria Nyanza. All is well with him.

STRIKERS.

Attempts were made to start the cotton mills at Fall River, Mass., to-day but they were only partly successful.

Hundreds of men wishing to work were frightened by threats of violence made by a mob of strikers. The latter gathered in the vicinity of the City Hall and demanded relief which the Mayor refused to give and caused them to be dispersed by the police who were compelled to show revolvers before the mob would move. A regiment of militia has been called out to preserve order. Last night incendiary hand-bills ordering the strikers to burn State Street where most of the mill agents and owners reside, were posted, but the city is guarded closely and little danger is apprehended.

ALLISON OPENED THE COUNCIL.

Then the Senator addressed the Indians as follows: Our Great Father requested us to come to your country to meet you in grand council. The Sioux nation has agreed to meet us. We are now assembled together. We have been at peace with you many years. We wish to continue so for many years to come. Our Great Father told us to assure you of his friendship, and the friendship of the government toward you at this meeting. Our intentions and purposes are friendly because our government wishes to be at peace with its own people; with you that are now here. Some years ago we made a treaty with you, and have tried in good faith to carry out its provisions. We then promised you that if you would not leave your reservation and trouble the white man, the white man, except officers of the government, should not live upon or pass through any part of your reservation. (Cries of how, how, by Indians.) This promise the government has tried to keep. Our people are very numerous and very fond of money. Some of them against the wishes of the government last year and this year went into a part of your country known as the Black Hills, and found gold. They made known their discovery, and a great many of our people believed them, and think there is gold there, and in quantities that will pay them to work for it. They say to our government that you do not take it out of the ground, and that while it remains there it is of no value to you or them. They wish to take it out of the ground and buy with it whatever is useful to them. They know they have no right to go there now, because the country is yours by treaty, and they ask the government to buy of you the right to go into the Hills and mine there. We now ask if you are willing to give our people the right to winter there as long as gold or other valuable metals are found for a fair and just sum; if you are so willing we will make a bargain with you for this right.

When gold or other valuable minerals are taken away the country will then be yours to dispose of in any way you wish. (Incredulous laughter by the Indians.) If you will sell to us this right, we suggest as a proper Eastern boundary the point where the North and South Cheyenne come together, and that we take for mining uses all the country lying between the two rivers thus uniting as far west as the 19th meridian of longitude West of Greenwich, which will be about the line of High Limestone Ridge in the Western part of the Hills. We suggest these rivers as the North and South boundaries because they are easily known to you and to us. The great object we have in making this agreement is to secure a lasting peace with you. It will be hard for the government to keep whites out of the Hills, and to try to do so may give you and our government great trouble, because the whites that may wish to go are very numerous. If you give us the right we ask, we will give you in return a fair equivalent and in such a way as to do you good and improve your condition. We do not wish to take from you any right or property you have without making a return for it. We are asked by our Great Father, and it is our wish, to consider the interests of both parties as far as we can. We know you are in need of our aid. You have received liberal sums from us in the last few years, and we fear these sums have not been of as much service to you as they ought. Whatever we agree to give you now we will try and so arrange that it will all be expended in such a way as to put you in a way of helping yourselves, rather than that you should rely on others. There is another country lying far to the west of where you are now, towards the setting sun, over which you can roam and hunt, which territory is yet unceded and place you in a position by which you may in the future live, like white men, and extend to the summit of the Big Horn Mountains. We do not know what value you place on this country. We would like to secure your right on a part of it, (laughter by the Indians), and if you are willing to sell part of it we would like so much of it as lies West of a line beginning

with the Northwest corner of Nebraska and running in a Northwesterly direction until it touches the Yellowstone at the 107th meridian. It does not seem to be of very great use to you. Our people would like to have the portion which I have described.

We want you to consider this well. Also, first consider whether you wish to part with it, and if you do, what you wish us to pay for it and let us know. When we can agree to a price we will buy it of you. We are far away from our homes and our families. We have waited here two weeks for you to agree on a place where you would meet us and talk with us.

We are very anxious to go home. We wish you to consult fully together, and weigh well your words. We have spoken to you, and your answer we want to carry back to the Great Father—words from you as well as tidings of such agreement as will be just to all concerned. Whatever we may agree to, we can not bind on you till we have reported to our Great Father for his approval and the approval of Congress. When ratified by Congress and our Great Father it will be binding on you and us. We are glad to find you in good spirits. We will now listen with patience to your words.

At the close of Allison's speech Red Dog said there were a good many different tribes here and it will take about seven days to make up our minds.

That is all we have got to say. (Cries of approval from the Indians.)

Blue Horse rose and said the Indians would have a council among themselves in the evening and with that the Indians started off but Spotted Tail and Old-Man-Afraid-of-his-Horses and his son, whereupon the commissioners called them back and said they expected to meet all in council at 10 a. m. to-morrow. With this the council broke up. Members of the commission say that if Red Cloud insists on staying away from the council they will make Young-Man-Afraid-of-his-Horses chief in his stead. The commissioners made a proposition to lease for the reason that there is a doubt whether there is sufficient gold in the hills to justify the government in paying a large sum. The Indians will ask several millions for an absolute cession of the hills, claiming that the timber and agricultural lands are very necessary for their future support. The commission propose to pay an annual rental or annuity for the hills, terminable after two years' notice by the government, so that in case gold does not appear in paying quantities the arrangement could be terminated.

River News.

The Benton passed up Monday taking on all Fort Benton freights.

The Far West is expected to-day; She will leave to-morrow for Carroll and will clean up all Montana freights.

The Carroll is expected from below to-day.

The Key West returned this morning having transferred her load for Carroll to the Josephine sixty miles above Buford. Reports river very low. She leaves for Yankton to-morrow.

Prussian Military Training.

The Paris correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph writes: "A very interesting letter from Metz in a French military paper gives details of the kind of drill Prussian troops are subjected to. If the account be correct, actual campaigning must appear like a holiday to them in comparison with their peace training."

"Military marches take place daily, no matter what the weather or temperature may be. The men are invariably in heavy marching order. They start at 5 a. m., after having taken coffee, and return to quarters about 11 or 12. The forces are divided into corps—one of them, in forage caps, are supposed to represent the enemy. The cavalry is specially trained in reconnoitering duties and a couple of troops invariably accompany the infantry. The troops are never allowed to enter a village; each man takes some bread and meat with him, and when the halt is called, if near any town or hamlet, each squad of twenty men detaches two, who are sent to purchase wine or brandy. The men who have no money are generally allowed to have a pull at the flasks of their comrades better off than themselves. This is an understood thing. The officers mostly do without eating, the few who require refreshment are content with a sandwich. Each halt lasts three-quarters of an hour. At the signal given by the bugle the sentries and outposts, which are stationed all round to a distance of eight hundred metres, instantly fall in. The return homewards is widely different from the marching out. There is no more manoeuvring; the body of the men march on two lines right and left of the road with a group of singers in the middle. Patriotic songs are the rule where the

words "Konig" and "Vaterland" are of frequent occurrences. The Bavarians are partial to warlike ditties in which the "Erb-Feind" seems severely handled. Ever since last Thursday all the non-commissioned officers are engaged in making fascines and throwing up earth-works. They start at 6 p. m., and remain out all night. On dark nights a powerful lamp, like that of a lighthouse, is used.

"This seems hard work. In South Germany the training seems equally practical and severe. M. Victor Tissot's book, 'Voyage au pays des Millards,' of which shows more presently how recruits are trained at Ulm; 'They are specially practised in marksmanship and gymnastics. For two hours every day they are kept firing at targets which bear a strong resemblance to the distant outline of Zouaves and Turcos. The instructors in musketry are all Prussian and come for the school of musketry at Spandau. Moreover, they are frequently practised in the operations of real warfare. Quite recently the railway station at Ulm was 'captured by surprise' by a body of Bavarian recruits, the employees were all made prisoners, while the special 'railway battalion' took possession of the railway stock, and organized railway etappes.' At other times M. Tissot assures us that the men are trained in 'requisitioning' villages, which seems carrying professional zeal very far indeed."

Tattling.

In all the black catalogue of vices, which unhappily debase the characters of the sons and daughters of Adam, tattling well nigh holds the pre-eminence. It is the meanest, the most detestable of all habits and when once contracted, clings as it were, with the tenacity of a demon. In view of its depravity, and of the many and fearful vices following in the train, the Lord commanded Moses to "speak unto the congregation of Israel and say unto them: Thou shalt not go up and down, as a tale bearer among the people," and in the sacred psalm it is written, "Who so privily slandereth his neighbor, him will I cut off." The rabid dog, let loose in a community to bite whatever man or beast he meets, is not as dangerous as the tattler. The dog kills only the individual bitten while the tattler's venom poisons madly and fatally, the whole community. He goes to a neighbor's and listening attentively, hears, perhaps something said that may be used to the disparagement, possibly the ruin of another, which he drinks down with the avidity with which the thirsty toper does the fiery fluid, and then goes forth with venomous tongue to disseminate suspicion, distrust and rankling hate, where before was the abode of neighborly love and confiding trust. Thus the peace of society is marred, is often disrupted; confidence is destroyed; friends made foes, discord and strife created, and all the diabolical schemes of the father of lies, used to destroy all that is lovely and of good report, furthered by the tattler, who may well be compared to the viper in the fable, that, warmed and brought to life by the care of a too kind-hearted benefactor, turned and stung him to the heart.

Gloomy Picture of Iceland

Mr. James Brice, in an article to the Cornhill Magazine, describes Iceland in a chilly way. He says there are no trees, though apparently there were plenty of them in the tenth century, when we hear of men hiding among them and being hanged from them. No corn is grown, nor any other crop, except a few turnips and potatoes which taste only half ripe. The only wild quadrupeds are the blue fox, who has probably come, as the white bear now and then does, on ice floes from Greenland, and the reindeer—the latter introduced about a century ago, and still uncommon, ranging over the desert mountains. There is no town except the capital, a city of 1,800 people, no other place deserving to be called even a village, unless it be the hamlet of Akureyri, on the shore of the Arctic Ocean, with some fifty houses; no inns, save one in that village whose resources consist of two beds, a single jug and basin and a billiard table; no hens, ducks and geese, except wild geese, nor pigs, no donkeys, no roads, no carriages, no shops, no manufactures no disasters from the established Lutheranism, no army, navy, volunteers or other guardians of public order, except the policeman in Reykjavik, no criminals, only two lawyers, and, finally, no snakes. "What, then, is there?" asks Mr. Brice, and replies: "Snow mountains, glaciers, hot springs, volcanoes, earthquakes, northern lights, caverns, morasses, and above all deserts."

The Bismarck Tribune.

Bismarck, D. T., Sept. 29, 1875.

All editorial and much other matter of local and general interest is crowded out this week through a lack of space.

GUILTY.

George Washington McNear, pronounced guilty by the jury and sentenced to be hung at Bismarck Nov. 9th 1875—Statement of Prisoner discredited by the Judge & a glance at the evidence.

John Peterson while chopping wood near his homestead three miles north of Bismarck was murdered by some fiend in cold blood on the 2d day of December last. He was shot down from the rear by some person who placed his gun so near his head as to burn the hair when he fired. It was a murder as unprovoked as was that of John Wright on Thursday last, and caused more excitement for the latter is clearly traceable to Indians, while for a long time no cause could be assigned by any one for the former. But during a long investigation before the coroner circumstances were developed which led to the suspicion of George Washington McNear, a colored man employed on one of the boats lying at Bismarck, who was accordingly arrested and who subsequently confessed the crime to the sheriff, and again in the presence of the Sheriff, City Justice and Rev. Mr. Sloan. He was tried last May but the jury then failed to agree taking no stock as it seems in the confession which was not supported by the evidence of Mr. Sloan, while other circumstances did not seem to be fully developed by the evidence. Last week he was tried again and found guilty and on Monday received his sentence. When the hour set for this purpose had arrived the District Attorney moved that sentence be now pronounced and the Judge ordered the prisoner be placed within the bar when the Judge said: You have been indicted by the Grand Jury of this county for murder, and upon that indictment you have been tried before a jury, selected from the best men of this county and sworn to try the case impartially, and have been found guilty. Have you anything to say why sentence should not now be pronounced upon you?

After a moment of hesitation McNear said: I have but one thing to say, and that I do not suppose will help me any here; it is nevertheless true. I was tried, as most of you know, and found guilty upon a confession; but, two men know how that confession was fetched from me. One of them (pointing to H. M. Davis) I see here; the other I do not see; and most any of you would have confessed under like treatment. It was the first time I had ever been in jail and they kept telling me a mob was coming in to hang me. "What for" says I? "Why for murder" says they,—for a murder committed by you in this county." And they coaxed and teased me all the time to confess. And that was not all; but, the Sheriff took me into his cellar and placed a pistol at my head and told me that that was my last night if I did not confess the murder of Peterson. But I told him I could not tell a lie. Then he told me he would give me two minutes in which to confess, and went out and came in again and sat down in front of me and said I had better confess, and if I didn't it would be the same way until I did. The next morning Mr. Davis and the Minister came in and they said they understood I had sent for them. I told them yes. Mr. Davis said he understood I told Mr. McKenzie that I did it, and I said yes; and then he wrote down a few lines and asked me to sign it, and I told him to sign it, that my education was not good enough, and he wrote my name to it, and ordered me taken back to jail. But that was not enough. They fastened me up in jail by my hands and feet, made a spread eagle of me, and one of the prisoners cut me down and they said this was a hanging Territory and they were going to hang the black s—n of a b—b; and then he made a confession box and put me into it and that is the way I came to make the confession through which I was found guilty.

The Judge then said: When you were arraigned for trial you announced that you were unable to procure counsel and counsel was assigned to you, or rather members of this bar volunteered to defend you. They worked hard and faithfully from the beginning leaving nothing undone that could be done for your benefit. They worked as few men work for pecuniary compensation knowing that a human life was the reward for which they labored. They ceased not their labors until the jury brought in their verdict. That jury was selected with care from the best people in this county and you were given the benefit of as fair and impartial a trial as any human being could expect. During that trial the court, so far as it could consistent with the duty it owes to the people at large, gave you the benefit of any doubts upon any questions to which its attention was called, and were the

same trial to be repeated to-morrow the court cannot see where any greater favor could be extended you consistent with its sworn duty than was extended on this trial.

You speak with severity of the sheriff of this county; you insist that your confession was extorted from you. Take the evidence as to what transpired on that fatal 2d of December when an inoffensive and unoffending citizen who was striving to improve the country was stricken down and sent into eternity without a moment's warning—a hard working industrious life cut off and a family broken and destroyed and it is convincing to my mind, as it doubtless was to the jury, that you are guilty.

The evidence shows that you were met by three or four men in the vicinity of and near the time of the murder and that you had a gun. One met you about a mile and a half from Peterson's, another a mile, still another half a mile while another who would have met you about the time you arrived at Peterson's had you remained in the road, did not meet you, showing that you had left the main road and gone into the wooded land where Peterson was murdered; and when directly opposite the place where Peterson was murdered he heard the sharp crack of a rifle, no doubt the shot which killed him and about the time he should have met you had you remained in the road. In your own statement before the coroner you admit being in that vicinity on the day of the murder and on the day previous, but add that on the day of the murder you were down the river in the afternoon. Yet you left the boat at 10 o'clock and went some four miles north. You were at the boat until ten o'clock; you left at ten and did not return until evening. That you should have left as you did going four miles north, and after two hours returning and pass the boat about noon without stopping seems at least remarkable, and in view of all the circumstances cannot be true.

Sheriff McKenzie swears that you went with him to the place of the murder and pointed out the spot where you said you killed Peterson; you pointed to a tree which you said was about the size of a log you helped Peterson to move just before you killed him which, as a matter of fact, was about the size of a log moved by Peterson just previous to his death. You pointed to the spot where you removed the cap from your gun and replaced it with a new one, and pointed out the course you took in going to and from the scene of the murder. There was nothing in the appearance of Sheriff McKenzie to indicate or to lead the court to think that he was swearing falsely. To thus swear away a human life, or give testimony which must place you, if convicted, in his hands for execution, he must be worse than you are adjudged to be. His offense is as bad as yours. But as I before said there was nothing in his appearance or in his evidence which would tend to discredit it, and I must say that I then believed his statement and I now believe it, and in justice to the jury which convicted you, I must say that I believe their verdict was in accordance with the law and evidence. Had your confession been extorted from you as you allege, it hardly seems probable that you would have affirmed it in the presence of Esquire Davis and Minister Sloan, especially after being warned as Mr. Sloan testifies you were, that the evidence would be used against you. As to your motive for committing this crime they appear to have been ample for one of your temperamental habits and education. On this point evidence is seldom more conclusive; but for the reason that one who may or may not be innocent is involved I do not care to speak of your motives. Seldom is a murder perpetrated under more aggravated circumstances. Your angry passions were not aroused; but it was a cold-blooded, heartless murder, and the evidence satisfied the jury as it does the court that you were guilty.

The law determines the punishment, and the court would gladly shrink from pronouncing your sentence, but that cannot be. However much the court, those who defend you, or this community may sympathize with you, you must suffer the penalty provided by law, and nothing now remains for the court but to pronounce the sentence of the law, which is: That you, George Washington McNear, be taken by the Sheriff of Burleigh County to the county jail of said county, that by said sheriff you be there confined and detained until Tuesday the ninth day of November next; that on said ninth day of November, and between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and two o'clock in the afternoon of said ninth day of November, and within the walls or yard of said county jail of Burleigh County, aforesaid, you be hanged by the neck by said sheriff until you be dead. And now may you prepare to receive sentence from that Judge from whom there is no appeal.

The prisoner was then removed to jail and the immense audience gathered to hear the sentence, dispersed.

Dr. Rice, of Indianapolis, Ind., who visited Bismarck last Summer, has accepted a call from the Presbyterians of Duluth.

The Montana Business.

Correspondence Bismarck Tribune.

BOZEMAN, Montana, Sept. 8.—The box of machinery, of which I have heretofore written you, shipped by Messrs. Bouse & Dion, of Dubuque, Iowa, Sept. 5th, 1874, is at last found in the R. R. depot at Yankton. This delay has done much to disappoint my business matters. Had it not been for the efficiency of E. G. Macley & Co., of the Diamond R. Line, my machinery would in all probability have wintered again at Yankton as it certainly did last winter. I wish you could, through the TRIBUNE, let your Montana subscribers know who are and who are not deserving of the places they occupy in the transportation lines having charge of our goods. I have been an advocate of the routes via Bismarck and Carroll, but the friends of the U. P. R. point to my want of success with significance. I want to ship more, but by what line can I rely upon for the speedy, safe and certain delivery of goods? My object in taking the TRIBUNE was to learn these and other facts. Publish the name and places of all who are direct in duty, that we may avoid them and hope for simple justice. Respectfully,
JOHN I. TOMLINSON.

[The Northern Pacific should not be held responsible for the delay mentioned above. Indeed if any one is specially to blame it must be the shippers or the R. R. people at Yankton. Had the goods been consigned to the Diamond R. via the Northern Pacific and Bismarck they would certainly have gone through, if not last fall, owing to the late shipment, certainly by the first boat this spring, for whatever the failure in the matter of prompt delivery last year there has been no cause for complaints this season. Every pound of goods received here for Carroll has been forwarded by the first boat. The Western which left last week cleaned it all up and the last boat of the season leaves to-day and by it all goods that have since arrived go. The disappointments of last season were unfortunate but they grew out of unforeseen accidents, which have since been provided against, or causes which have been wholly removed. Without condemning any line of steamers we can commend the Coulson Line to Montana people as one which will deliver their goods with celerity and safety.—Ed. TRIBUNE.]

Shall we Have a Revival?
Rev. Mr. Sloan has suggested the idea of a series of revival meetings at Bismarck this winter. Why not? Earnest work on the part of home Christians supported by some fine and drum sort of talent imported for the occasion will do it. Recruits for the Lord's Army are obtained in the same way as volunteers are obtained for temporal armies. Cause men to feel that they have a duty to perform and they will enlist. Fling to the breeze your banners, attract their attention by bife and drum and the firing of cannon, and supplement these means by wise words well spoken and men will flock to your standards. The most talented speaker might talk to this people, or any other, until doom's-day and it would have no effect upon them, but mix with discreet talk or earnest work on the part of Christians supplemented by consistent lives, the Moody and Sankey style of singing, of which an illustration is given elsewhere, and, our word for it, you can get up a revival in wicked Chicago, in Bismarck, in the rat pits of New York, or even in old England where it takes almost an earthquake to get people excited. Such a stirring up, would be a good thing. It would interest people, keep them out of mischief, and make some if not wiser certainly better and happier and would shorten amazingly the dreary hours of winter. God works by means and in order to convert people it is necessary to shock them with some great calamity, disgust them with some monstrosity or awaken them by some harmless or exciting means.

The Vermillion Republican says: "The editor of the Dakota Herald and Gen. E. S. McCook were personal enemies, and the Herald abused Gen. McCook more than any other paper in Dakota, but when it comes to enforcing the laws, the Herald speaks out thus: 'The verdict of the jury is now in, and the murderer of Gen. Ed. S. McCook has been adjudged not guilty of the crime for which he was indicted, and those twelve men that composed the jury can only atone for the crime which they committed by setting free a common murderer, before the tribunal of heaven where they will be arraigned before their God, to answer the charge of injustice to human society and a violation of their sacred oath.'"

Bismarck is going into winter quarters in good shape. On every hand brick chimneys are going up, unfinished rooms are being ceiled or plastered, loose boards being tacked, houses banked, &c. Our people have never before felt enough at home to do these things with any heart but they are working now with confidence in the future. The business of the village is also picking up, and merchants are putting in heavier supplies than ever before.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

Trains leave Bismarck as follows, until further notice—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7:15 a. m., arriving in Fargo at 6:30 p. m. Leaves Fargo for Bismarck Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bismarck at 8:00 p. m.

Trains leave Fargo daily at 6:30 a. m. and arrive at Junction 10:50 p. m., making close connection with night trains on L. S. & M. R. R. for St. Paul and all points east.

Through tickets to all the principal cities east and south are on sale at the Ticket Office of the N. P. R. R. here, and all information as to the times of the sailing of boats and rates of passenger fares for Carroll, Benton, &c., can be had on application to JOHN DAVIDSON, Freight and Ticket Agent N. P. R. R.

Bismarck Post Office.

Office hours, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 9 to 10 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
Hours for Money Orders and Registered Letters, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

ARRIVALS OF DEPARTURES OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail—Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:15 a. m. Arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 p. m.
Fort Lincoln—Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m. Arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.
Fort Rice—Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 p. m. Arrives Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays at 4 p. m.
Fort Stevens, Berthold and Buford—Leaves Tuesdays at 8 a. m. Arrives Fridays at 4 p. m.
LINDA W. SLAUGHTER, P. M.

BISMARCK TRIBUNE CO.,

Newspaper AND Job Printers, BISMARCK, D. T.

Col. JOHN H. STEVENS, President
Col. C. A. LOUNSBERRY, Secretary and Manager

CAPITAL STOCK, \$10,000
PAID UP CAPITAL, \$6,000.

This Bismarck Tribune Office is supplied with a Taylor Cylinder Newspaper Press, Quarter Medium Gordon Jobber, PAPER AND CARD CUTTERS,

and an extensive line of Display and Job Type

together with labor saving material of all kinds. Its managers are thorough newspaper men, while its mechanical department is in the hands of one of the best workmen in the Northwest.

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE is the liveliest and newest, and has the largest circulation of any on the line of the Northern Pacific, and is the only one on the line, excepting the Duluth Tribune, printed entirely at home.

Terms \$2.00 per annum in advance; six months \$1.25. All yearly subscribers are entitled to a 192 25 portrait, being a fine

Chrome of Gen. Custer, the popular and dashing Cavalry Commander, which alone is worth the price of subscription.

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE IS PUBLISHED Seventy-Five Miles Nearer the Black Hills Gold Discoveries than any other Newspaper, and gives more Reliable Information concerning them than any other Newspaper.

Persons looking for homes in the West, especially in the Red River and Missouri valleys, or at any point in the Northern Pacific country, will find more interesting and at the same time valuable information in the Bismarck Tribune than in any other newspaper.

All persons interested in the Northern Pacific should be among its subscribers. Bismarck is situated at the present terminus of the Northern Pacific, on the Missouri river, in a prairie region having a deep rich soil, well adapted to agricultural purposes. Three lines of steamers ply on Missouri in connection with the Northern Pacific to Carroll, 300 miles above Bismarck, and to Fort Benton, 1800 miles above, while the Yellowstone river is navigable for 200 miles, giving Bismarck 1800 miles of navigable rivers above it, directly tributary to it, as well as a large extent of country of it.

It is located seventy-five miles nearer the Black Hills than any other railroad town, and affords the best outlet and inlet to the New Eldorado—not only the shortest but the safest and best route.

CITY BAKERY. John Yegen, Front Street, would announce to the citizens of Bismarck that he is prepared to fill orders for cakes pies or fancy pastry on short notice guaranteeing satisfaction with reasonable charges. Fine light bread ten cents a loaf or four loaves for twenty-five cents, 20-3m

D. EISENBERG, DEALER IN GENTS AND LADIES FURNISHING GOODS, TOWELING, TABLE CLOTHS.

Blankets, Notions, &c Gents' and Ladies' Underwear of the best quality, and at lowest prices.

Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing. Old stand of Clark & Bill, Main St., Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 16, 1875. 8-61f

Forster's Restaurant Opposite Railroad Depot, Bismarck, D. T.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS Board by the Day or Week. GOOD LODGINGS. v3n5

Summer Arrangement

OF PASSENGER TRAINS ON

WEST WISCONSIN

AND

Chicago and North-Western

RAILWAYS.

2 Through Express Trains DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVING ST. PAUL

AS FOLLOWS:

CHICAGO Day Express.....10:10 a. m. (Daily except Sunday.)

Arriving in CHICAGO.....7:15 a. m.

CHICAGO Night Express.....7:30 p. m. (Daily except Saturday.)

Arriving in CHICAGO.....4:00 p. m.

This is the ONLY LINE running the celebrated

PULLMAN

DAY AND NIGHT COACHES

BETWEEN

St. Paul and Chicago.

Also the ONLY LINE using the

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE

BETWEEN

St. Paul and Chicago.

Miller's Patent Platform, Miller's Patent Couplers, Westinghouse Air Brake, &c.

All combined for safety, make this the BEST route to

MADISON, BELLOIT, CHICAGO,

AND ABL POINTS

EAST and SOUTH.

First-Class Eating Houses at EAU CLAIRE, ELROY, DEVIL'S LAKE and HARVARD, and AMPLE TIME ALLOWED FOR MEALS.

GET YOUR TICKETS OF

JOHN DAVIDSON, Ticket Agent, Bismarck.

G. K. BARNES, Gen. Tkt. Agt. 517f

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul

RAILWAY.

THE GREAT THROUGH LINE BETWEEN

Chicago,

New York.

New England,

The Canadas,

And all Eastern and Southern Points, and

The Great Northwest!

Connecting in Chicago with all Eastern and South

ern Lines.

Two Through Express Daily

each way, leaving St. Paul as follows: Chicago Day

Express 10:10 a. m. (Daily except Sunday.) Arrive

in Chicago 7:15 a. m.

Chicago Night Express 7:30 p. m. (Daily except

Saturday.) Arriving in Chicago at 4:00 p. m.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE BETWEEN

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, ST. PAUL

AND MINNEAPOLIS.

It traverses a finer country, with grander scenery,

and passes through more business centers and pleasure

resorts, than any other Northwestern Line. And

the only Railway Line traversing the valley of the

upper Mississippi river, and along the shore of Lake

Pepin. Also via Madison, Prairie du Chien, Mc-

Gregor, Austin and Owatonna.

Through Palace Coaches and Sleeping Cars

Of the Best; and Track Perfect.

Connecting at St. Paul and Minneapolis with

the several lines centering at those points.

ST. PAUL DEPOT—Cor. of Jackson and Levee.

CITY OFFICE—115 East Jackson St., corner Third

Street.

A. V. H. CARPENTER,

61f Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.

Get your Tickets of JOHN DAVIDSON,

61f Ticket Agent, Bismarck.

SAFES

BANK LOCKS VAULT WORK.

HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO.

HALL'S STANDARD SAFES.

BIGFORD & PASSMORE, Agents,

MINNESOTA, DAKOTA AND

BRITISH POSSESSIONS.

No. 46, Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

[v2n621f.]

Minneapolis Business Directory.

M. M. FULLER.—Commission Merchant, Whole-

sale and Retail dealer in Flour, Feed, Butter,

Eggs, &c., &c. Northern Pacific dealers will

find it to their interest to communicate with this

house before purchasing elsewhere.

CLARK HOUSE—Corner Fourth Street and Hen-

riepia Ave., two blocks from the Academy of

Music. Only first class Two Dollar House, New,

elegantly furnished, and situated in the finest por-

tion of the City.

J. E. BOOTH—Florist and Landscape Gardener.

Gardens laid out and Attended to by Contract

or otherwise. Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths and

Groceries made to order on the shortest notice. Cor.

Chicago Avenue and Tenth Sts.

LINTON & Co.—Commission and Storage. Whole-

sale and Retail dealers in Grain, Flour, Feed,

Lime and Cement. No. 9 Washington Avenue

North.

NEWELL & HARRISON.—Wholesale Grocers.

J. C. OSWALD, Wholesale dealer in Bourbon and

gins. Rye Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Wines and

gins. Washington Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

BISMARCK AND VICINITY.

DISTRICT COURT.

Business before it and Business Transacted—Interesting Incidents—Arraigned for Libel and Other Causes.

Below will be found the calendar of the district court for its term commencing Tuesday and ending Monday night.

Judge Barnes crowded business with his usual dispatch but the proceedings were delayed somewhat by the fact that the late clerk or his deputy had withheld or mislaid all of the files in the civil suits continued from last term.

The Grand Jury, too was particularly searching in its investigations and did not conclude its labors until the last moment. They reported thirty one indictments, and against persons for all manner of offenses, though, on these indictments, only six or eight were arraigned, among them Edgerly, Emmons and Ware for libel growing out of hand bill publications by Edgerly and Ware and Allegany Mail correspondence by Emmons; and the several persons for keeping bawdy houses. One, only, of the latter was tried, and in charging the jury in his case the Judge was terribly severe, but it was left for him to do himself most credit in pronouncing sentence. "They say you are poor" said the Judge. "Yes, poor but honorable" said the condemned. "No you are not honorable" replied the Judge, "for no honorable man would engage in the filthy, detestable business in which you are engaged; you may pay your debts, as to that I don't know, but you are not honorable," and then followed a scathing language as condemned culprit was ever forced to listen to. Pen can scarcely do the Judge justice in the matter or picture its effect upon the condemned who could only drop his head and weep, and who was fined \$150. Another pleaded guilty and was fined \$100. The other two cases were continued because of lack of time to try them, duty calling the Judge elsewhere.

All connected with the court are entitled to credit for the manner in which they discharged their duties: The Judge for his able and impartial decisions; the officers of the court for their skill and zeal; the bar for their industry and fidelity; and the Grand Jury for the thorough manner in which they did their work.

The calendar is as follows:

CIVIL DOCKET.

C. A. Roberts vs. C. A. Warner; Flannery for Plaintiff, Stoyell for Defendant. Discontinued.
Miller Bros. & Co. vs. Eckford & Ryan; Williams for Plaintiff, Flannery for Defendant. Judgment for Plaintiff.
Geo. W. Cass, Receiver N. P. R. R., vs. Kountz Line of Steamers; Flannery for plaintiff, Davis for defendant. Continued.
Geo. W. Sweet vs. John W. Proctor; Van Etten for plaintiff, Flannery for defendant. Jury disagreed; case continued.
M. H. Brown vs. C. A. Roberts; Stoyell for plaintiff, Flannery for defendant. Continued.
Alonso Gates vs. John J. Jackson; Stoyell for plaintiff, Flannery for defendant. Suit for libel; change of venue to Cass County and case continued.
J. H. Gainhart & Co. vs. J. D. Wakeman; Davis for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
J. D. Wakeman vs. U. S. Express Co.; Stoyell for plaintiff, Flannery for defendant. Non-suit.
Joseph Pennell vs. Zephirim Courtis; Stoyell for plaintiff, Williams for defendant. Continued.
W. C. Bacon vs. Zephirim Courtis; Stoyell for plaintiff, Williams for defendant. Continued.
Hugh McGarvie vs. N. P. Clark; Flannery for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Judgment for plaintiff.
The People of the Territory of Dakota vs. Edward Smith, Geo. Peoples and Ed. Hackett; Delamater for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Suit to recover on bail bond; judgment for plaintiff.
Mary E. Gager vs. Alexander McKenzie; Flannery for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Discontinued.
Melton & Jennings vs. N. P. Clark; Flannery for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
Eckford & Ryan vs. J. H. Gainhart; Flannery for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
May Lowry Transportation Co. vs. Alexander McKenzie; Davis for plaintiff, Flannery for defendant. Continued.
Richard Farrell vs. Geo. W. Sweet; Van Etten for defendant. Continued.
Samuel Bittig vs. Henry Bose; Van Etten for defendant. Continued.
Agard & Gilbrath vs. N. P. Clark; Davis for plaintiff, Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
Howe and Wood vs. M. H. Brown; Stoyell for plaintiff. Judgment for plaintiff.
Parker & Bailey vs. M. H. Brown; Stoyell for plaintiff. Judgment for plaintiff.
Clark & Bill vs. M. H. Brown; Stoyell for plaintiff. Judgment for plaintiff.
Mary E. Bellhimer vs. Geo. Bellhimer; Stoyell for plaintiff. Divorce granted.
Mary Whalen vs. Thomas Whalen; Stoyell for plaintiff. E. A. Williams, Referee.
Asa Fisher vs. Sam H. Lillie; Stoyell for plaintiff. Judgment for plaintiff.
L. L. Christy vs. Wm. Smith; Van Etten for plaintiff, Williams for defendant. Discontinued.
County Commissioners vs. J. S. Carville and Jesse Ayers. Settled and dismissed.

CRIMINAL CASES.

Josiah Delamater, Dist. Attorney, appeared for the people in all of the following cases. He was assisted by Stoyell in the McNear trial.
Territory of Dakota vs. Mike McNear; Stoyell for defendant; selling liquor without license. Continued.
The Same vs. J. W. Proctor; Stoyell for defendant; malicious mischief. Dismissed.
The Same vs. J. P. Gannon and J. P. Foster; Flannery for defendant; forcible entry. Nolle Pross in case of Foster; fine of \$20 in case of Gannon.
Same vs. George Washington McNear; Flannery, Williams, Van Etten, Stewart and Carville for defendant. Murder; guilty; sentenced to be hung Nov. 9th.
The same vs. Albert Hess; Stoyell for defendant; Robbery. Continued.
The same vs. Wm. Reese; Stoyell for defendant; Sabbath breaking. Continued.
The Same vs. Wm. Braithwaite; Flannery for defendant. Assault and battery; continued.
The Same vs. Jas. Wilkinson; Williams for defendant. Forgery. Continued.
The Same vs. Edward Whaler; Williams & Davis for defendant; murder. Continued.
The Same vs. J. E. Champlin; Stoyell for defendant; Grand Larceny. Nolle Pross.
The Same vs. J. S. Carville; Stoyell for defendant. Embezzlement. Nolle Pross.
The Same vs. W. J. Kountz; Stoyell for defendant; interfering with officer in discharge of duty. Continued.
The Same vs. Lizzie Price; Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
The Same vs. William Regan; Stoyell for defendant; assault with intent to kill. Continued.
The Same vs. John Mason; Stoyell for defendant. Bonds forfeited.
The Same vs. Cornelius Teche; Williams for defendant.

Grand Larceny. Plead guilty and was sentenced to one year at Fort Madison, Iowa.
The Same vs. Anna Stoyell; Stoyell for defendant. Assault and battery. Nolle Pross.
The Same vs. George H. Roach; Pound for defendant; forcible entry. Demurrer sustained.
The Same vs. M. J. Edgerly; Flannery for defendant; Libel. Continued.
The Same vs. Ed. Ware et al; Stoyell for defendant. Libel. Continued.
The Same vs. James A. Emmons; Stoyell for defendant. Libel. Continued.
The Same vs. S. A. Dickey; Stoyell for defendant. Continued.
The Same vs. P. H. Galligan; Stoyell for defendant. Selling liquor without license. Continued.
The Same vs. Louise Jane Thompson; Flannery for defendant. Keeping bawdy house. Continued.
The Same vs. H. Wood; Stoyell for defendant. Keeping bawdy house. Fined \$150.
The Same vs. J. R. Champlin; Stoyell for defendant. Keeping bawdy house. Fined \$100.

U. S. Marshal Burdick.

This "well known gentleman" arrived Thursday and explains the charges recently preferred against him in a hand-bill by "an individual" as follows: Edgerly caused vouchers to be signed for witness fees which he sent Burdick for payment last winter but they were irregular in that they were not signed in duplicate, and were not certified to by the U. S. Attorney or his deputy as required by law, and were returned to Edgerly for correction. Later it appeared that some of these vouchers if not fraudulent were the "next thing" to it, for instance: Smith and Jones were charged jointly with crime, but in order to double the fees they were examined separately and on the same day, and the officers certified to a day's attendance and mileage for witnesses, &c., in both cases, thus doubling the fees as stated; and because it appeared that the vouchers were wrong in this respect payment was suspended until investigation could be had. So soon as the accounts were examined and audited by the proper officer they were paid. This in relation to the general charge. As to the 12,000 acre farm in Nebraska the Judge says his land there was purchased long before he ever saw Dakota, and no one can regret more than he his indiscretion in purchasing it; a fact of which he is forcibly reminded when the time for tax paying comes. As to Edgerly's account against him for personal services he proposes to go into court with it and let an impartial jury determine what is due, and alleges that the account needs just such a sifting as it will get if it gets into the courts.

Hold the Fort.

As sung by Mr. Sankey in the great revival meetings which Moody and Sankey have become so famous for. It is the same song which attained such renown in Dublin that when an actor on the stage cast a sneer at Moody the galleries burst into the chorus and the crowds below took it up and sang the whole hymn before the actor was allowed to proceed. The following are the words in full:

No, my comrades! see the signal
Waving in the sky!
Reinforcements now appearing,
Victory is nigh!
"Hold the fort for I am on 'em," Jesus signals still.
Wave the answer back to heaven, "By thy grace we will."
See the mighty host advancing,
atan leading on;
Mighty men around us falling,
Courage almost gone!
See the glorious banner waving!
Hear the trumpet blow!
Our Leader's name we'll triumph
Over every foe!
Fierce and long the battle rages,
But our help is near;
Onward comes the great Commander,
Cheer, my comrades, cheer!

BURLEIGH COUNTY FAIR.

A meeting is called to convene at Wilson & Porter's Drug Store Thursday, Sept. 20th, to-morrow, at 2 a. m. for the purpose of organizing a society and providing for a Burleigh County Fair to be held about Oct. 14th. It means business; let all attend.

Estray Notice.

Taken up, August 28th, 1875, one yoke of estray cattle, which will be delivered to the owner upon proving property and the payment of costs.
ALEXANDER MCKENZIE,
Sheriff Burleigh County.
Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 30, 1875—5w3

HO! ALL YE THAT HUNGER

FT. LINCOLN RESTAURANT.

Having discontinued the news business I will hereafter run a

FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT.

Visitors and others at the Fort can find me always ready to cater to their tastes. Meals at all hours, and everything furnished that the market affords.
FT. LINCOLN—45m3 W. S. REESGRIE.

Obstacles to Marriage.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. (Sept. 8-8m)

CHRIS, HEHLI

KING OF

BARBERS!

Hot and cold baths. Hair cutting, Shaving and Ladies Hair-Dressing, done in the latest Fashion.

Main St. Bismarck, D. T., near Capitol Hotel.
vol3m1f

PROF. COMERS EMPIRE SHAVING AND BATHING ROOMS!

Third St. between Main and Meigs Sts., Bismarck, D. T. Hot and Cold Baths at all hours. Special attention given to Bathing.
10 ly

WILSON & PORTER,

BISMARCK, D. T.

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Stationery,

Blank Books.

FINE IMPORTED

LIQUORS & WINES,

AND THE CHOICEST BRANDS OF

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

A FULL LINE OF

PERFUMERY

and other Toilet articles, and Fancy Goods of all kinds.

Best Imported Liquors, and Wines, Tobacco and Cigars a specialty.

Confectionery, Choice & Fresh

Line of Stationery complete in every particular. One of the firm being an experienced Physician and Druggist, our stock of Drugs is unusually complete. Special attention given to orders from points on the river.

WILSON & PORTER.

Bismarck, July 14, 1875—v3m1f

WHISKY!

AT

Bankrupt Prices!

THE

St. Louis Liquor Store,

Main St., Bismarck, D. T., will close out a lot of

Kentucky Bourbon

Whisky at greatly reduced prices, in order to make room for a stock of

BANKRUPT WHISKY,

now en route from central Kentucky. Also on hand a fine stock of

Imported Ales and Porter,

Fine old Sherries,

BRANDIES

from Jas. Hennessy & Co., Otard Dupuy & Co. and Dubois Freres and Cognac. Fine Old Holland and London Dock Gin. Constantly on hand a large stock of

CIGARS

direct from the factories. Special attention given to filling orders and satisfaction guaranteed.
JAMES D. WAKEMAN Prop'r.
Bismarck, D. T., July 21, 1875—v2m2f

JAMES A. EMMONS,

BISMARCK, D. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Liquors, Wines,

Tobacco and Cigars.

FINE IMP'R'D CHAMPAGNE

AND OTHER WINES.

PURE IMPORTED BASS' BOTTLED ALE.

Cantrell & Cochrane's Ginger Ale.

BEST BRANDS OF

KENTUCKY WHIS-

KIES.

Choicest Brands of Tobacco & Cigars.

Sioux City Flour.

Special attention given to orders from up river points.
JAS. A. EMMONS.
Bismarck, July 14, 1875—v3m1f

A Piano for \$3

An Elegant Steinway Piano,

Costing \$775,

AT PUBLIC DRAWING

AT BISMARCK.

Tuesday Ev'g, Oct. 5.

1875.

175 Tickets Only

will be issued at

Three Dollars Each

The drawing will be conducted in public by well known and responsible gentlemen, selected or approved by the ticket holders present on the occasion. This affords a rare opportunity to obtain, for a mere trifle, an elegant Steinway, warranted to be first class in every particular.

Tickets for sale by Dunn & Co., and Wilson & Porter, Bismarck; R. C. Selp & Co., Port A. Lincoln; E. S. Tyler & Co., and Kurtz & Mackall, Fargo; J. H. Sharp & Co., and Dr. Kurts, Moorhead.

Two

Bismarck Business Directory.

Advertisements inserted under this head, two lines or less, per annum, \$5.00; additional lines at \$3.50.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE—a live western newspaper, published by the Bismarck Tribune Company at \$2.00 per year.

J. W. RAYMOND & CO., Bankers. Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold, &c.

BEAL & PETERSON, Gun and Lock Smiths.

JAMES DOUGLAS & CO.—Heavy and Shell Hardware, Tinware, &c.

J. P. FORSTER—Restaurant. Board by the day or week, fresh Oysters, &c.

W. H. STIMPSON—Books, Stationery, Newspapers, Magazines, &c.

FRED STRAUSS, Jeweller. Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.

U. S. LAND OFFICE—Peter Mantor, Register; E. M. Brown, Receiver.

MILLINERY—Mrs. C. Gager & Co.—Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Dress Making, &c.

J. W. FISHER—Sewing Machines for sale or rent. Sewing Machine Extras, &c.

J. JOSEPH LAUNDRE & CO.—Harness makers. Repairing done. Work guaranteed. 3rd St.

REAL ESTATE—C. A. Lounsbury & Co. Farms and Village Property. Money put where it will do the most good.

GENERAL SUPPLIES.

W. RAYMOND & CO. A full line of supplies, Dry Goods, Clothing, &c. Wholesale and Retail.

MCLEAN & MACNIDER—Heavy stock Groceries, extensive assortment Clothing, well selected Dry Goods, &c.

CLOTHING—J. W. Watson & Bro.—Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, &c.

J. F. REARDON & Co.—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors and Cigars.

J. F. REARDON—Groceries, Provisions, Liquors and Cigars.

MEAT MARKETS, &C.

BROWNING & WINGROSE—Meats, fresh and cured, Eggs, Vegetables, &c.

BAKERIES.

JOHN YEGIN—City Bakery. Bread, Pies, &c.

DRUG STORES.

WILSON & PORTER—Drugs, Stationery, Confectionery, Notions, Paints, Oils, &c. Main St.

DUNN & CO.—Full assortment of Drugs, Notions, Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes, Cigars, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. H. MARSHALL—Full line of sale work. Boots and Shoes made to order. Gloves.

SAMPLE ROOMS, &C.

ST. LOUIS LIQUOR STORE—J. D. Wakeman. Best imported goods in the market. Bourbon, Cigars, &c., at wholesale and retail. Sample rooms and Billiard Hall.

JOHN MASON—Whisky, Wine, Cigars, &c., at wholesale and retail. Billiard Hall. An elegant place.

WHITE & DICKEY—Pure Liquors, choicest Cigars. Billiards. Next door to Capitol Hotel.

P. BROISSEAU—Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

J. A. EMMONS—"Stock Exchange." Best Liquors and Cigars.

KAUFFMANN & CO.—Provisions, Vegetables, Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

HOTELS.

MINERS' HOTEL—Thomas McGowan, Proprietor.

BARBERS.

CHRIS. HEHLI—King of Barbers, and Imperial Bath Rooms.

W. H. COMER—Empire Shaving Hall and Bath Rooms.

BLACKSMITHING.

GEO. G. GIBBS—Wagon Making and Blacksmithing.

M. MIXTER—Blacksmithing and repairing, in all its departments, 4th St. near Thayer.

JAMES SOUTER—Blacksmithing, &c.

PHYSICIANS.

B. F. SLAUGHTER—Physician and Surgeon.

H. R. PORTER—Physician and Surgeon. Office at Wilson & Porter's Drug Store.

LAWYERS.

JOSIAH DELAMATER—Attorney at Law, Real Estate and Insurance Agent.

GEO. P. FLANNERY—Attorney at Law, Real Estate and Insurance Agent.

JOHN A. STOEYELL—Lawyer, Fourth St.

M. DAVIS—Lawyer and City Justice, Third St.

THOMAS VAN ETEN—Lawyer and U. S. Court Commissioner, Main St.

A. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law. Main St.

LIVERY.

JOHN OSTLAND—Livery and Feed Stable. Rear of Bailey House.

LUMBER.

BISMARCK LUMBER CO.—C. F. Hobart, Agt. Wm. M. Fry, Treasurer.

W. H. STIMPSON.

OMNIBUS LINE

BETWEEN

FT. LINCOLN AND BISMARCK.

LEAVES BISMARCK:

8 a. m. 10 a. m. 1 p. m. 4 p. m. Daily.

LEAVES THE POINT OPPOSITE LINCOLN:

10 a. m. 12 m. 3 p. m. 8:30 p. m. Daily.

On Sundays the Omnibus will only make the 8 a. m. and 1 p. m. trips.

Leave orders at my store. 34-3m

\$5-\$20 per day, at home. Terms free. Address G. G. STIMPSON & Co., Portland, Me.

DUNN & CO.,

PIONEER

DRUG STORE,

Main Street, near Louis House,

BISMARCK, D. T.

FULL LINE OF

Drugs & Medicines.

TOILET ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Choice Wines and Liquors for medicinal use. Finest brands of Tobacco and Cigars. Fishing Tackle, Paints, Oils, &c. Special attention to orders from abroad.

W. H. STIMPSON.

General News Agent

AND DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

NOTIONS,

FRUITS, OF ALL KINDS,

PAPER COLLARS,

SOAPS,

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

BISMARCK, D. T.

Strangers and others will find all the latest newspapers and a full stock of goods.

W. H. STIMPSON.

Merchant Tailors

BRUSKRUD & JENSEN,

are prepared to do all work in the Tailoring Line entrusted to them, at reasonable prices.

Bismarck, D. T., Sept. 29, 1875.

The debt of Cass County is upwards of \$22,000.

The Cass County Fair will be held at Fargo next Friday.

A portion of last week's TRIBUNE was dated the 15th instead of the 22d and also numbered wrong.

A. J. Rusk, son of Hon. Jerry Rusk, of Wisconsin, was admitted to the bar at Bismarck Monday.

Major Smith and Seward left for home Tuesday having completed the payment of troops at the up river posts.

Grant Marsh, Master of the Far West, has sold his property at Sioux City and moved his family to Yankton.

The Bismarck post office has been made a separating office and an allowance of \$200 per annum granted for clerk hire.

Joseph Dodge found an eighteen inch vein of coal cropping out in the bluffs of Apple Creek a few miles from Bismarck last week. The coal is of a very fine quality of lignite.

The Northern Pacific will undoubtedly suspend the trains on their Dakota Division about the first of November. Our people should be prepared for such suspension.

Dr. Slaughter left at the TRIBUNE office last week one of sixteen marblehead squashes raised on one vine. Ten of them fully matured and weighed in the aggregate 160 pounds.

A. C. Leighton arrived enroute to Buford Monday. Leighton is one of the unfortunate upper Missouri river traders that our friend Jimmy Emmons has been chasing with a sharp led pencil for the past few months.

Eisenberg has just received a fine lot of fall and winter prints, North Star Flannels, Navy blue water proofs, the finest ever brought into this market, and other goods. Call and see him.

At a whisky row below Agards last week a man named Snow was shot through the leg by Jack Duffee. Nick Morgan was reported killed in the same melee but was only pounded over the head with a revolver.

Col. Brown and party arrived Sunday. Having completed three of the six townships assigned them, they go to the new locality this week. The remainder of their work is south of Bismarck, in the vicinity of Beaver Creek; that accomplished is on Burnt Creek north of the Bismarck check.

Gen. Custer left for New York Thursday to be absent about thirty days, when he will return fully prepared to go into winter quarters. The General said three companies of the 7th from Randall were enroute to Lincoln and Rice and the fourth would follow so soon as they returned from Black Hills duty.

Capt. Howe's company of the 17th Infantry arrived at Camp Hancock Monday, having been ordered to take post here in view of possible Indian troubles. Should cavalry be required for the protection of our people, Gen. Greene informs Mayor McLean that they will be furnished at any time at a moments notice. Capt. Howe was ordered to Bismarck in compliance with a petition to department head quarters forwarded the evening previous. From which it would seem that those in authority are not unmindful of us.

INDIAN MURDER.

John Wright Slain by the Sioux—Terrible Mangle of his Remains—Pursuit of the Indians.

John Wright, who, in company with George Lewis, was herding cattle about ten miles north of Bismarck on Burnt Creek for N. P. Clark, or rather Clark & Whitney, was murdered by the Sioux last Thursday. He and Lewis took out the cattle as usual in the morning, and as was their habit were working along the creek as usual about two miles apart watching the stock. About ten o'clock a. m. Lewis heard a shot where Wright usually rested when not riding, but paid no attention to it, though the cattle were stampeded toward the camp—indeed his attention was required by the cattle, and it was not until evening that he found that Wright was missing. He had not seen him during the day; at evening he did not bring in his stock and it was late at night before this work was accomplished. Next morning by the only means at his command, by a man hauling wood, Lewis notified his employers of Wright's absence but his information did not reach them until about 4 p. m. Saturday morning a general search for traces of Wright commenced, several citizens of Bis-

marck joining the employees of Clark & Whitney. About 2 p. m. Harry Douglas found the remains. They were lying partly on the face with the lower extremities thrown back exposing the abdomen on which the Indians piled grass and stuff and set it on fire burning the abdomen to a crisp. An examination of the head showed a gun shot from the rear passing through the neck just below the right ear; another passing through the head coming out at the left temple; the head was split open with a tomahawk and the forehead crushed with the butt of a gun; there were also three fearful scalp wounds or gashes on the scalp, made with a knife which was left by his side. Near the body a coo was planted as if to challenge the whites to come on. The remains were brought to town and on Sunday were interred in the rear of the Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Sloan preaching the funeral sermon. A large number of our citizens attended the funeral; while none appeared as special mourners, a feeling of sadness seemed to pervade all. Few wore the words spoken while the last sad rites were being performed, or while the people wended their way to their homes. Hearts were too full for utterance. John Wright was sober and industrious and was esteemed by all who knew him; and was particularly valuable to his employers because of his fidelity and intelligence. But he has gone having followed to that bourne from which no traveler returns a twin brother who was murdered by these same red devils at Abercrombie in 1862.

After finding the body the commandant at Fort Lincoln was notified and immediately sent Col. Yates with a detachment of the 7th Cavalry in pursuit. He arrived at Bismarck at dusk and being joined by Harry Douglas, Mayor McLean, W. H. Stimpson and others proceeded to the scene of the murder where they bivouacked until daylight when the trail was taken and followed in the direction of Standing Rock. From Don Stevenson's camp in the evening Col. Yates reported the prospect for striking the Indians Monday morning good. In the meantime two companies of cavalry commanded by Col. Weir left Lincoln on the west side of the river striking a trail nearly opposite the scene of the murder which they also followed in the direction of Standing Rock.

Col. Weir returned yesterday. He found no reliable traces of the Indians. A later count of cattle, shows there are thirty missing. At time of going to press nothing later had been heard from Col. Yates.

New Advertisements

Dissolution Notice.
The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name and style of Marshall & Campbell, has been dissolved by mutual consent; said dissolution dating from July 1st, 1875.
Parties having accounts with the store of the firm at Bismarck will settle with J. H. Marshall.
Parties having accounts with the store of the firm at Brainerd will settle with H. A. Campbell.
Neither party is authorized to use the firm name in liquidation.
J. H. MARSHALL,
Bismarck, D. T.,
H. A. CAMPBELL,
Brainerd, Minn.

James H. Marshall,
Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gloves and Hosiery.

Gent's Custom Made Wear a Specialty.

Having just returned from the East after a careful inspection of the Prime Goods of my line with the largest stock ever brought to this market, I am prepared to furnish to the public Goods at such prices that will compete with the Eastern Market.
Believing in Onward Progress I have refitted my store in a neat and tasteful manner, adapting it to suit this trade. I desire to call attention to my department of Custom Work. Having the best workmen that can be procured I give this my careful supervision and will guarantee to please the fancy of one and all. I take this opportunity to thank the public for past patronage, hoping in future to give better satisfaction than in the past.

B. C. ASH & CO.
HAVE OPENED A

First Class Livery, Sale and Feed Stable

At C. H. McCarthy & Bro.'s old Stand.

Safe and Fashionable Turnouts at greatly Reduced Rates.

Reliable drivers furnished when desired. Good Saddle Horses. Particular attention given to boarding and transient stock.
Horses, Wagons and Harness handled for a light Commission. Reduced rates for Funerals—For Poor People, one Carriage free.

Stock Owners, Attention!

The undersigned offers for sale

1,000 Bushels of Corn,

AND

100 Tons of Cornfodder,

Cured Before Frosts.

The Corn will be delivered at \$1.50 per bushel and the Fodder at \$9.00 per ton.
Orders left at McLean's or Raymond's will receive prompt attention.

C. W. THOMPSON.

McLEAN & MAGNIDER, PEOPLE'S Supply Store!

BISMARCK, D. T.

A FULL LINE OF

Clothing, Dry Goods, Groceries, AND Provisions.

Gent's & Ladies' Furnishing Goods & Notions.

THE SUPPLY TRADE

A SPECIALTY.

Fergus Falls and Minneapolis Flour HAM, BACON, BUTTER, DRIED FRUITS & CANNED GOODS.

Orders from up river, or for Miners' Supplies, will receive prompt attention.
McLEAN & MAGNIDER.

Bismarck, July 14, 1875—v8n1st

1875. 1875. COULSON LINE.

Speed, Splendor and Safety Combined
between Bismarck and Carroll, comprising the new and elegant Fast Passenger Steamers,

Josephine and Key West
in connection with Trains on the

Northern Pacific R. R. AND Diamond R Lines.

Leaves Bismarck for Carroll

Thurs., Sept. 30th,

St'm'r Far West
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or at Company's office.

D. W. MARATTA, Agent.

H. M. MIXTER,
4th Street, Bismarck, D. T.

Blacksmith and Wagon Shop

All orders for work in Iron or Wood promptly attended to.

Special Attention Given TO REPAIRS.

Diseases of Horses, especially difficulties in connection with the feet, successfully treated.

Ho! For the Black Hills!

The Nearest and Quickest Route

From the East and Northeast over the

Northern Pacific R. R. To Bismarck,

With the Elegant Transfer Steamer

DENVER

Running in connection.

F. BLACKISTON,

Master and Agent.
St. Paul Business Directory.
CRAIG & LARKIN—Importers and dealers in Crockery, French China, Glassware, Lamps, Looking Glasses, and House Furnishing Goods. 66 East Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.

JAMES DOUGLAS & CO.,

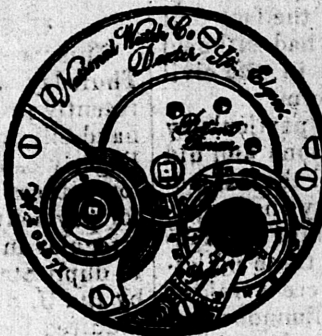
DEALERS IN

Hardware, Tinware, Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Tools, TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

Have Exclusive Sale of the "Charter Oak" Stoves.
Camp Outfits Furnished at Short Notice, and at Low Prices.

FRED. STRAUSS.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles Etc.
Orders of any description will be promptly filled.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Made at St. Bismarck, D. T. v2n2st



J. W. RAYMOND & CO., Wholesale Groceries!

J. W. RAYMOND & CO., RETAIL GROCERIES.

J. W. RAYMOND & CO., The Only House West of St. Paul that keeps a full stock of

FURNITURE, BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES, WASH STANDS, MATTRESSES, QUILTS, &c.

J. W. RAYMOND & CO., A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Crockery, Glass Ware, House Furnishing Goods, &c.

50 Barrels Coal Oil, 175 Test, At Less Than St. Paul Prices J. W. RAYMOND & CO.

MOORHEAD MILLS.

FOUR RUN OF STONE.

New Improved Machinery and Steam Power NEW PROCESS OF MILLING.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

"BELLE OF MOORHEAD"

Brand of Family Flour—Superior to any brought into this Country!

Our **RISE SUN** New Process Flour we Recommend Equal to any Minneapolis Brands.

Graham Flour, Ground Feed, Bran, Screenings, etc., for sale in large or small quantities at low prices.

MOORHEAD MANUFACTURING CO.,

JOSEPH A. BRUNN, Manager, Moorhead, Minn.

CENTURY WHISKY Brick! Brick!!

Received a Medal and Grand Diploma of Merit, being the only brand thus honored at the Vienna Exposition in 1873.

This **BEST and PUREST** Whisky is

R. C. Seip & Co.,
FORT A. LINCOLN, D. T., Agents.
who are also sole agents for

Dakota Bitters.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH EITHER.
v2n2st

90,000 First Class Brick
will be delivered at any point in Bismarck by the subscribers, at

\$15.00 per Thousand!

Apply to

McLEAN & MAGNIDER
Bismarck, D. T., July 28—8v4